

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF WESTERN AUSTRALIA

COR 163 of 2024

IN THE MATTER OF PANORAMIC RESOURCES LIMITED (SUBJECT TO DEED OF
COMPANY ARRANGEMENT) (RECEIVERS AND MANAGERS APPOINTED) (ACN 095 792
288)

EX PARTE

WOODHOUSE, WARWICK AND WHITE IN THEIR CAPACITIES AS
JOINT AND SEVERAL DEED ADMINISTRATORS OF PANORAMIC
RESOURCES LIMITED (SUBJECT TO DEED OF COMPANY
ARRANGEMENT) (RECEIVERS AND MANAGERS APPOINTED)
(ACN 095 792 288)

First Plaintiffs

PANORAMIC RESOURCES LIMITED (SUBJECT TO DEED OF
COMPANY ARRANGEMENT) (RECEIVERS AND MANAGERS
APPOINTED) (ACN 095 792 288)

Second Plaintiff

SECOND AFFIDAVIT OF DANIEL HILLSTON WOODHOUSE AFFIRMED 29 OCTOBER 2024

Case Manager: The Honourable Justice Hill

Date of document: 29 October 2024

Filed on behalf of: The Plaintiffs

Date of filing: 29 October 2024

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FILED**29 OCT 2024**

Via eLodgment
CENTRAL OFFICE
SUPREME COURT

3477-0166-4017 V2

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I, Daniel Hillston Woodhouse, of FTI Consulting, Level 47, Central Park, 152-158 St Georges Terrace, Perth, in the state of Western Australia, do solemnly and sincerely affirm:

Introduction

- 1 I am a senior managing director in the corporate finance and restructuring practice of FTI.
- 2 Mr White, Ms Warwick and I are the first plaintiffs in these proceedings in our capacities as joint and several deed administrators of Panoramic.
- 3 I am authorised to make this affidavit on behalf of the first and second plaintiffs in support of our Application for (among other things) orders pursuant to section 444GA of the Act in respect of the proposed Share Transfer to Zeta under the Zeta DOCA.
- 4 This is my second affidavit made in these proceedings.
- 5 Unless otherwise indicated, I adopt the defined terms used in my first affidavit affirmed on 25 October 2024 in these proceedings (**First Affidavit**).
- 6 Except where I state otherwise, I make this affidavit from facts within my own knowledge. Where I have relied on facts outside my personal knowledge, I am informed by the stated source of the facts and believe those facts to be true.

Company Constitution

- 7 Attached to this affidavit and marked **DHW-9** is a copy of Panoramic's current company constitution.

Voluntary delisting of Panoramic from the ASX

- 8 Panoramic was, at the time of our appointment as administrators, listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (**ASX**) under the code "PAN".
- 9 The securities of Panoramic had been suspended from quotation under ASX Listing Rule 17.2 on 17 November 2023. This suspension was extended on 8 December 2023 and was in place




at the time we were appointed as Administrators of Panoramic on 14 December 2023. The suspension remained in place throughout the administration process.

- 10 The Administrators ultimately determined that, given Panoramic's status, the costs and administrative burden of remaining listed on the ASX outweighed the benefits to Panoramic of retaining that status. Accordingly, we opted against causing Panoramic to pay the required listing fee for the year ending 30 June 2025 (which was required to be paid by 28 August 2024, pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 17.15), with the consequence that Panoramic was automatically removed from the official list of the ASX on 28 August 2024.
- 11 Attached to this affidavit and marked **DHW-10** is a copy of the ASX announcement dated 21 August 2024 in relation to the Administrators' decision not to pay the listing fee for the year ending 30 June 2025.
- 12 Attached to this affidavit and marked **DHW-11** is a copy of the ASX announcement dated 29 August 2024 confirming that Panoramic had been removed from the official list with effect from the close of trading on 28 August 2024 pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 17.15.
- 13 Although Panoramic has been delisted from the ASX, we have continued to retain the services of Computershare, which maintains the company's share register (**Register**). Accordingly, we have retained access to Panoramic's Register, which includes details of Panoramic's members, including their email and postal addresses (as applicable).

FTI Portal

- 14 Since our appointment, FTI has maintained a website in respect of the Panoramic Group's administration, being <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group> (**FTI Portal**).
- 15 The FTI Portal includes:
 - (a) details of our appointments;
 - (b) our contact details; and
 - (c) links to download key documents concerning the Panoramic Group's administration, including circulars to creditors and suppliers, Court orders made in the administration, notices of creditors' meetings and reports to creditors.
- 16 Subject to Court approval of the Notice (as defined in paragraph 17 below), the Administrators intend to cause to be uploaded to the FTI Portal copies of the following documents in respect of this Application:



- (a) the originating process filed on 25 October 2024 (including any amendments for which leave is granted by this Honourable Court);
- (b) any affidavits filed on behalf of the Plaintiffs in support of the Application (including my First Affidavit and this affidavit);
- (c) any orders made by this Honourable Court (including any orders made at the directions hearing listed at 10am (AWST) on 30 October 2024); and
- (d) the Explanatory Statement (as defined in paragraph 24 below) (once "in principle" ASIC Relief has been provided),

(collectively, **Notice Documents**).

Notice to members and creditors

- 17 Attached to this affidavit and marked **DHW-12** is a copy of the form of the notice of the Application (**Notice**) which the Deed Administrators propose to provide to creditors and members, by the methods specified in paragraph 19 below.
- 18 The Notice (among other things) includes the FTI Portal website where creditors and members can download copies of the Notice Documents.
- 19 Subject to the approval of this Honorable Court, the Deed Administrators propose to:
 - (a) upload a copy of the Notice to the FTI Portal; and
 - (b) send a copy of the Notice by:
 - (i) email to:
 - (A) each shareholder of Panoramic who has nominated to receive shareholder communications from Panoramic electronically (as recorded in the Register) (**Email Shareholders**);
 - (B) each known creditor that the Deed Administrators have an email address for;
 - (ii) post to:
 - (A) each other shareholder of Panoramic who is not an Email Shareholder (**Postal Shareholders**), by way of:
 - (1) pre-paid post or ordinary post, in the case of each Postal Shareholder who has a registered address in Australia (as recorded in the




Register); and

(2) pre-paid airmail or air courier, in the case of each Postal Shareholder who has a registered address outside of Australia (as recorded in the Register); and

(B) each other known creditor that the Deed Administrators have a postal address for (to the extent that creditor has not provided a contact email address).

Newspaper Notices

20 Attached to this affidavit and marked **DHW-13** is a copy of the form of the notice of this Application which the Deed Administrators intend to cause to be published in:

(a) *The Australian Financial Review*; and

(b) *The West Australian*.

Notice to ASIC

21 I intend to give notice of this Application to ASIC by instructing my solicitors, Gilbert + Tobin, to email copies of the Notice Documents and this affidavit to:

(a) ASIC's insolvency practitioner email, being ip.legal@asic.gov.au; and

(b) the email addresses published for service of legal documents upon ASIC, being legal.document.service@asic.gov.au,

unless ASIC provides an alternative address for service of documents in respect of this Application (for example, once assigned to a case manager).

22 I will inform this Honourable Court if ASIC intends to be heard, or otherwise appear, at any hearing in relation to these proceedings.

Explanatory Statement

23 The Zeta DOCA provides for a Share Transfer to Zeta (or its nominee) which will result in Zeta (or its nominee) acquiring voting power of greater than 20% in Panoramic. Accordingly, relief from section 606 of the Act must be granted by ASIC, because there is no statutory exception to the takeover prohibition in section 606 for section 444GA transfers.

24 As required under ASIC Regulatory Guide 6 (at [6.196]), the Deed Administrators will cause to be prepared an explanatory statement, which will:

- (a) explain the nature of this Application;
- (b) explain members' rights to object to this Application;
- (c) explain the requirement for ASIC relief from section 606 of the Act;
- (d) include a copy or link to the IER, once finalised by KordaMentha; and
- (e) include a copy of the originating process documents,

(Explanatory Statement).

- 25 Once in a form approved by ASIC, the Deed Administrators intend to provide a copy of the Explanatory Statement to creditors and members using the same dispatch methods contemplated in paragraph 19 above.

Affirmed by the deponent
at Perth
in Western Australia
on 29 October 2024
Before me:

)
)
)
)
)

Daniel Hillston Woodhouse

Signature of witness

_____,

a legal practitioner who has held a practice
certificate for at least 2 years and who holds a
current practice certificate

MALLESONS STEPHEN JAQUES

Constitution

Panoramic Resources Limited

ABN 47 095 792 288

A public company limited by shares

Adopted on 18 November 2008 and as amended on 17 November 2020

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Constitution

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Constitution

1 Definitions and interpretation

1.1 Definitions

In this Constitution unless the contrary intention appears:

Alternate Director means a person appointed as an alternate director under article 12.8.

ASX means ASX Limited or Australian Securities Exchange as appropriate.

Committee means a committee of Directors constituted under article 11.6.

Company means Panoramic Resources Limited ABN 47 095 792 288, as that name may be changed from time to time.

Constitution means this constitution as amended from time to time, and a reference to an article is a reference to an article of this Constitution.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth).

CS Facility has the same meaning as prescribed CS facility in the Corporations Act.

CS Facility Operator means the operator of a CS Facility.

Director means a person holding office as a director of the Company, and where appropriate includes an Alternate Director.

Directors means all or some of the Directors acting as a board.

Executive Director means a person appointed as an executive director under article 11.8.

Issuer Sponsored Holding means a holding on an electronic sub-register maintained by the Company in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Listing Rules means the Listing Rules of ASX and any other rules of ASX which are applicable to the Company while the Company is admitted to the official list of ASX, each as amended or replaced from time to time, except to the extent of any express written waiver by ASX.

Managing Director means a person appointed as a managing director under article 11.8.

Member means a person entered in the Register as a holder of shares in the capital of the Company.

Operating Rules means the operating rules of a CS Facility regulating the settlement, clearing and registration of uncertificated shares as amended, varied or waived (whether in respect of the Company or generally) from time to time.

Prescribed Interest Rate means the rate determined by the Directors for the purpose of this Constitution, and in the absence of a determination means 8% per annum.

Register means the register of Members of the Company under the Corporations Act and, if appropriate, includes a branch register.

Registered Office means the registered office of the Company.

Representative means a person appointed to represent a corporate Member at a general meeting of the Company in accordance with the Corporations Act.

Restriction Agreement means a restriction agreement within the meaning and for the purposes of the Listing Rules.

Secretary means a person appointed under article 13.1 as a secretary of the Company and where appropriate includes an acting secretary and a person appointed by the Directors to perform all or any of the duties of a secretary of the Company.

1.2 Interpretation

Headings are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation.

In this Constitution unless the contrary intention appears:

- (a) words importing any gender include all other genders;
- (b) the word "person" includes an individual, a firm, a body corporate, a partnership, a joint venture, an unincorporated body or association or an authority;
- (c) a document including this Constitution includes any variation or replacement of it;
- (d) the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- (e) a reference to legislation includes regulations and other instruments under it and any variation or replacement of any of them;
- (f) a power, an authority or a discretion given to a Director, the Directors, the Company in general meeting or a Member may be exercised at any time and from time to time;
- (g) a reference to an amount paid on a share includes an amount credited as paid on that share;
- (h) "writing" and "written" includes printing, typing and other modes of reproducing words in a visible form including, without limitation, any representation of words in a physical document or in an electronic communication or form or otherwise; and
- (i) a reference to dollars, A\$ or \$ is a reference to the lawful currency of Australia.

1.3 Corporations Act

In this Constitution unless the contrary intention appears:

- (a) a word or expression defined or used in the Corporations Act has the same meaning when used in this Constitution in a similar context; and
- (b) "section" means a section of the Corporations Act.

1.4 Listing Rules interpretation

In this Constitution, unless the contrary intention appears the expressions "closing price on SEATS", "Takeover Bid", "Uncertificated Securities", "disposed of", "disposed", "Escrow Period" and "Restricted Securities" have the same meaning as in the Listing Rules.

1.5 Replaceable rules not to apply

The provisions of the Corporations Act that apply as replaceable rules are displaced by this Constitution and do not apply to the Company.

1.6 Currency

The Directors may:

- (a) differentiate between Members as to the currency in which any amount payable to a Member is paid (whether by way of or on account of dividends, repayment of capital, participation in surplus property of the Company or otherwise);
- (b) determine to pay a distribution in a currency other than Australian dollars and the amount payable will be converted from Australian dollars in any manner, at any time and at any exchange rate as the Directors think fit; and
- (c) in deciding the currency in which a payment is to be made to a Member, have regard to the registered address of the Member, the register on which a Member's shares are registered and any other matters as the Directors consider appropriate.

Payment in another currency of an amount converted under this article is as between the Company and a Member adequate and proper payment of the amount payable.

1.7 Application of Listing Rules

In this Constitution a reference to the Listing Rules only applies while the Company is on the official list of ASX.

While the Company is on the official list of ASX:

- (a) despite anything contained in this Constitution, if the Listing Rules prohibit an act being done, the act must not be done;
- (b) nothing contained in this Constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Rules require to be done;

- (c) if the Listing Rules require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done as the case may be;
- (d) if the Listing Rules require this Constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this Constitution is taken to contain that provision;
- (e) if the Listing Rules require this Constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this Constitution is taken not to contain that provision; and
- (f) if any provision of this Constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Rules, this Constitution is taken not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.

2 Share capital

2.1 Directors to issue shares

The issue of shares in the Company is under the control of the Directors who may:

- (a) issue and cancel shares in the Company;
- (b) grant options over unissued shares in the Company; and
- (c) settle the manner in which fractions of a share, however arising, are to be dealt with,

subject to the Corporations Act, the Listing Rules and any special rights conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares.

2.2 Class meetings

The provisions of this Constitution relating to general meetings apply so far as they are capable of application and with any necessary changes to every separate meeting of the holders of a class of shares except that:

- (a) a quorum is constituted by at least two persons who, between them, hold or represent one-third of the issued shares of the class (unless only one person holds all of the shares of the class, in which case that person constitutes a quorum); and
- (b) any holder of shares of the class, present in person or by proxy, or attorney or Representative, may demand a poll.

2.3 Non-recognition of interests

Except as required by law, the Company is not required to recognise:

- (a) a person as holding a share on any trust; or

- (b) any other interest in any share or any other right in respect of a share except an absolute right of ownership in the registered holder,

whether or not it has notice of the trust, interest or right.

2.4 Joint holders of shares

Where two or more persons are registered as the joint holders of shares then they are taken to hold the shares as joint tenants with rights of survivorship, but the Company is not bound:

- (a) to register more than three persons as joint holders of a share; or
- (b) to issue more than one certificate or holding statement in respect of shares jointly held.

3 Lien

3.1 Lien on share

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has a first and paramount lien on every share for:

- (a) all due and unpaid calls and instalments in respect of that share;
- (b) all money which the Company is required by law to pay, and has paid, in respect of that share;
- (c) reasonable interest on the amount due from the date it becomes due until payment; and
- (d) reasonable expenses of the Company in respect of the default on payment.

3.2 Lien on loans under employee incentive schemes

The Company also has a first and paramount lien on each share registered in the name of the Member for all money payable to the Company by the Member under loans made under an employee incentive scheme.

3.3 Lien on distributions

A lien on a share under article 3.1 or 3.2 extends to all distributions in respect of that share, including dividends.

3.4 Exemption from article 3.1 or 3.2

The Directors may at any time exempt a share wholly or in part from the provisions of article 3.1 or 3.2.

3.5 Extinguishment of lien

The Company's lien on a share is extinguished if a transfer of the share is registered without the Company giving notice of the lien to the transferee.

3.6 Company's rights to recover payments

A Member must reimburse the Company on demand in writing for all payments the Company makes to a government or taxing authority in respect of the Member, the death of a Member or the Member's shares or any distributions on the Member's shares, including dividends, where the Company is either:

- (a) required by law to make the relevant payment; or
- (b) advised by a lawyer qualified to practice in the jurisdiction of the relevant government or taxing authority that the Company is required by law to make the relevant payment.

The Company is not obliged to advise the Member in advance of its intention to make the payment.

3.7 Reimbursement is a debt due

The obligation of the Member to reimburse the Company is a debt due to the Company as if it were a call on all the Member's shares, duly made at the time when the written demand for reimbursement is given by the Company to the Member. The provisions of this Constitution relating to non-payment of calls, including payment of interest and sale of the Member's shares under lien, apply to the debt.

3.8 Sale under lien

Subject to article 3.9, the Company may sell, in any manner the Directors think fit, any share on which the Company has a lien.

3.9 Limitations on sale under lien

A share on which the Company has a lien may not be sold by the Company unless:

- (a) an amount in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; and
- (b) the Company has, not less than 14 days before the date of sale, given to the registered holder of the share or the person entitled to the share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the registered holder, a notice in writing setting out, and demanding payment of, the amount which is presently payable in respect of which the lien exists.

3.10 Transfer on sale under lien

For the purpose of giving effect to a sale under article 3.8, the Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share so sold and may execute a transfer of the share sold in favour of the purchaser of the share, or do all such other things as may be necessary or appropriate for it to do to effect the transfer. The purchaser is not bound to see to the application of the purchase money.

3.11 Irregularity or invalidity

The title of the purchaser to the share is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the sale of the share under article 3.8.

3.12 Proceeds of sale

The proceeds of a sale under article 3.8 must be applied by the Company in payment of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, and the residue, if any, must be paid to the person entitled to the share immediately before the sale.

4 Calls on shares

4.1 Directors to make calls

The Directors may:

- (a) make calls on a Member in respect of any money unpaid on the shares of that Member, if the money is not by the terms of issue of those shares made payable at fixed times;
- (b) make a call payable by instalments; and
- (c) revoke or postpone a call.

4.2 Time of call

A call is taken to be made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call is passed.

4.3 Members' liability

Upon receiving not less than 30 business days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, each Member must pay to the Company by the *time or times, and at the place, specified in the notice the amount called on that Member's shares.*

4.4 Joint holders' liability

The joint holders of a share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of the share.

4.5 Non-receipt of notice

The non-receipt of a notice of any call by, or the accidental omission to give notice of a call to, a Member does not invalidate the call.

4.6 Interest on default

If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment of the sum, the person from whom the sum is due must pay interest on the sum from the day it is due to the time of actual payment at the Prescribed Interest Rate. The Directors may waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.

4.7 Fixed instalments

Subject to any notice requirements under the Listing Rules, if the terms of a share make a sum payable on issue of the share or at a fixed date, this is taken to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the sum becomes payable. In the case of non-payment, all the relevant provisions of this Constitution as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise apply as if the sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

4.8 Differentiation between holders as to calls

The Directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders of the shares as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

4.9 Prepayment of calls and interest

The Directors may:

- (a) accept from a Member the whole or a part of the amount unpaid on a share even if no part of that amount has been called; and
- (b) authorise payment by the Company of interest on the whole or any part of an amount so accepted, until the amount becomes payable, at such rate, not exceeding the Prescribed Interest Rate, as is agreed between the Directors and the Member paying the sum.

5 Forfeiture of shares

5.1 Notice requiring payment of call

If a Member fails to pay a call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment of the call or instalment, the Directors may, at any time afterwards during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, give a notice to the Member requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest that has accrued and all costs and expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of that non-payment.

5.2 Contents of notice

The notice must name a further day, which is at least 14 days from the date of service of the notice, on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made and must state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

5.3 Forfeiture for failure to comply with notice

If a notice under article 5.1 has not been complied with by the date specified in the notice, the Directors may by resolution forfeit the relevant shares, at any time before the payment required by the notice has been made.

5.4 Dividends and distributions included in forfeiture

A forfeiture under article 5.3 includes all dividends and other distributions to be made in respect of the forfeited shares which have not been paid or distributed before the forfeiture.

5.5 Sale or re-issue of forfeited shares

Subject to the Corporations Act, a share forfeited under article 5.3 may be sold, re-issued or otherwise disposed of to such person and on such terms as the Directors think fit.

5.6 Notice of forfeiture

If any share is forfeited under article 5.3, notice of the forfeiture must be given to the Member holding the share immediately before the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture and its date must be made in the Register. Any failure to give notice or enter the forfeiture in the Register does not invalidate the forfeiture.

5.7 Surrender instead of forfeiture

The Directors may accept the surrender of any share which they are entitled to forfeit on any terms they think fit and any share so surrendered is taken to be a forfeited share.

5.8 Cancellation of forfeiture

At any time before a sale, re-issue or disposal of a share under article 5.5, the forfeiture of that share may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit.

5.9 Effect of forfeiture on former holder's liability

A person whose shares have been forfeited:

- (a) ceases to be a Member in respect of the forfeited shares; and
- (b) remains liable to pay the Company all money that, at the date of forfeiture, was payable by that person to the Company in respect of the shares, plus interest at the Prescribed Interest Rate from the date of forfeiture and the reasonable expenses of the sale of the shares, until the Company receives payment in full of all money (including interest and expenses) so payable in respect of the shares.

5.10 Evidence of forfeiture

A statement in writing declaring that the person making the statement is a Director or a Secretary, and that a share in the Company has been forfeited in accordance with this Constitution on the date declared in the statement, is prima facie evidence of the facts in the statement as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

5.11 Transfer of forfeited share

The Company may receive any consideration given for a forfeited share on any sale, re-issue or disposal of the share under article 5.5 and may execute or effect a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold, re-issued or disposed.

5.12 Registration of transferee

On the execution of the transfer, the transferee must be registered as the holder of the share and is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration.

5.13 Irregularity or invalidity

The title of the transferee to the share is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the forfeiture, sale, re-issue or disposal of the share.

6 Transfer of shares

6.1 Forms of instrument of transfer

Subject to this Constitution and the Listing Rules, a share in the Company is transferable:

- (a) as provided by the Operating Rules of a CS Facility if applicable; or
- (b) by any other method of transfer which is required or permitted by the Corporations Act and ASX.

6.2 Execution and delivery of transfer

If a duly completed instrument of transfer:

- (a) is used to transfer a share in accordance with article 6.1(b); and
- (b) is left for registration at the share registry of the Company, accompanied by any information that the Directors properly require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer,

the Company must, subject to the powers vested in the Directors by this Constitution, register the transferee as the holder of the share.

6.3 Effect of registration

Except as provided by any applicable Operating Rules of a CS Facility, a transferor of a share remains the holder of the share transferred until the transfer is registered and the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect of the share.

6.4 Company to register forms without charge

The Company must register all registrable transfer forms, split certificates, renunciations and transfers, issue certificates and transmission receipts and

mark or note transfer forms without imposing a charge except where a charge is permitted by the Listing Rules.

6.5 Power to refuse to register

If permitted by the Listing Rules, the Directors may:

- (a) request any applicable CS Facility Operator to apply a holding lock to prevent a transfer of shares in the Company from being registered on the CS Facility's subregister; or
- (b) refuse to register a transfer of shares in the Company to which paragraph (a) does not apply.

6.6 Obligation to refuse to register

The Directors must:

- (a) request any applicable CS Facility Operator to apply a holding lock to prevent transfer of shares in the Company from being registered on the CS Facility's subregister; or
- (b) refuse to register any transfer of shares in the Company to which paragraph (a) does not apply,

if:

- (c) the Listing Rules require the Company to do so; or
- (d) the transfer is in breach of the Listing Rules or a Restriction Agreement.

6.7 Written notice to security holder of holding lock or refusal

If in the exercise of their rights under articles 6.5 and 6.6 the Directors request application of a holding lock to prevent a transfer of shares in the Company or refuse to register a transfer of shares they must give written notice of the request or refusal to the holder of the shares, the transferee and any broker lodging the transfer. Failure to give notice does not invalidate the decision of the Directors.

6.8 Company to retain instrument of transfer

The Company must retain every instrument of transfer which is registered for the period required by any applicable law.

6.9 Resolution required for proportional takeover provisions

Despite articles 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3, if offers are made under a proportional takeover bid for securities of the Company in accordance with the Corporations Act:

- (a) articles 6.9 to 6.13 apply;

- (b) the registration of a transfer giving effect to a takeover contract resulting from acceptance of an offer made under the takeover bid is prohibited unless and until a resolution (an “approving resolution”) to approve the bid is passed or taken to be passed in accordance with article 6.12 or article 6.13; and
- (c) the Directors must ensure that an approving resolution is voted on in accordance with articles 6.10 to 6.11 before the fourteenth day before the last day of the bid period.

6.10 Procedure for resolution

The Directors may determine whether the approving resolution is voted on:

- (a) at a meeting of persons entitled to vote on the resolution convened and conducted, subject to the provisions of article 6.11, as if it were a general meeting of the Company convened and conducted in accordance with this Constitution and the Corporations Act with such modifications as the Directors determine the circumstances require; or
- (b) by means of a postal ballot conducted in accordance with the following procedure:
 - i. a notice of postal ballot and ballot paper must be sent to all persons entitled to vote on the resolution not less than 14 days before the date specified in the notice for closing of the postal ballot, or such lesser period as the Directors determine the circumstances require;
 - ii. the non-receipt of a notice of postal ballot or ballot paper by, or the accidental omission to give a notice of postal ballot or ballot paper to, a person entitled to receive them does not invalidate the postal ballot or any resolution passed under the postal ballot;
 - iii. the notice of postal ballot must contain the text of the resolution and the date for closing of the ballot and may contain any other information the Directors consider appropriate;
 - iv. each ballot paper must specify the name of the person entitled to vote;
 - v. a postal ballot is only valid if the ballot paper is duly completed and:
 - (A) if the person entitled to vote is an individual, signed by the individual or a duly authorised attorney; or
 - (B) if the person entitled to vote is a corporation, executed under seal or as permitted by the Corporations Act or under the hand of a duly authorised officer or duly authorised attorney;
 - vi. a postal ballot is only valid if the ballot paper and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which the ballot paper is signed or a copy of that power or authority certified as a true copy by statutory declaration is or are received by the Company before close of business on the date specified in the notice of postal ballot for closing of the postal ballot at

the Registered Office or share registry of the Company or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice of postal ballot; and

- vii. a person may revoke a postal ballot vote by notice in writing which to be effective must be received by the Company before the close of business on the date for closing of the postal ballot.

6.11 Persons entitled to vote

The only persons entitled to vote on the approving resolution are those persons who, as at the end of the day on which the first offer under the bid was made, held bid class securities. Each person who is entitled to vote is entitled to one vote for each bid class security held by that person at that time.

Neither the bidder nor any associate of the bidder is entitled to vote on the resolution.

6.12 Resolution passed or rejected

If the resolution is voted on in accordance with articles 6.9 to 6.11, then it is taken to have been passed if the proportion that the number of votes in favour of the resolution bears to the total number of votes on the resolution is greater than one-half, and otherwise is to be taken to have been rejected.

6.13 Resolution taken as passed

If a resolution to approve the bid has not been voted on as at the end of the day before the fourteenth day before the last day of the offer period, then a resolution to approve the bid is taken to have been passed in accordance with articles 6.10 to 6.12.

6.14 Takeover articles cease to have effect

Articles **Error! Reference source not found.** to **Error! Reference source not found.** cease to have effect on the day three years after the later of their adoption or last renewal.

7 Transmission of shares

7.1 Transmission of shares on death

If a Member, who does not hold shares jointly, dies, the Company will recognise only the personal representative of the Member as being entitled to the Member's interest in the shares.

7.2 Information given by personal representative

If the personal representative gives the Directors the information they reasonably require to establish the representative's entitlement to be registered as a holder of the shares:

- (a) the personal representative may:

- (i) by giving a written and signed notice to the Company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or
- (ii) by giving a completed transfer form to the Company, transfer the shares to another person; and
- (b) the personal representative is entitled, whether or not registered as the holder of the shares, to the same rights as the Member.

On receiving an election under paragraph (a)(i), the Company must register the personal representative as the holder of the shares.

A transfer under paragraph (a)(ii) is subject to the articles that apply to transfers generally.

7.3 Death of joint owner

If a Member, who holds shares jointly, dies, the Company will recognise only the survivor as being entitled to the Member's interest in the shares. The estate of the Member is not released from any liability in respect of the shares.

7.4 Transmission of shares on bankruptcy

If a person entitled to shares because of the bankruptcy of a Member gives the Directors the information they reasonably require to establish the person's entitlement to be registered as the holder of the shares, the person may:

- (a) by giving a written and signed notice to the Company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or
- (b) by giving a completed transfer form to the Company, transfer the shares to another person.

On receiving an election under paragraph (a), the Company must register the person as the holder of the shares.

A transfer under paragraph (b) is subject to the articles that apply to transfers generally.

This article has effect subject to the Bankruptcy Act 1966 (Cwlth).

7.5 Transmission of shares on mental incapacity

If a person entitled to shares because of the mental incapacity of a Member gives the Directors the information they reasonably require to establish the person's entitlement to be registered as the holder of the shares:

- (a) the person may:
 - (i) by giving a written and signed notice to the Company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or
 - (ii) by giving a completed transfer form to the Company, transfer the shares to another person; and

- (b) the person is entitled, whether or not registered as the holder of the shares, to the same rights as the Member.

On receiving an election under paragraph (a)(i), the Company must register the person as the holder of the shares.

A transfer under paragraph (a)(ii) is subject to the articles that apply to transfers generally.

8 General meetings

8.1 Annual general meeting

Annual general meetings of the Company are to be held in accordance with the Corporations Act.

8.2 Convening a general meeting

The Directors may convene and arrange to hold a general meeting of the Company whenever they think fit and must do so if required to do so under the Corporations Act.

8.3 Notice of general meeting

Notice of a general meeting must be given in accordance with article 18, the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules.

8.4 Calculation of period of notice

In computing the period of notice under article 8.3, both the day on which the last notice to Members is given or taken to be given and the day of the meeting convened by it are to be disregarded.

8.5 Cancellation or postponement of a meeting

Where a general meeting (including an annual general meeting) is convened by the Directors they may by notice, whenever they think fit, cancel the meeting or postpone the holding of the meeting to a date and time determined by them or change the place for the meeting.

This article 8.5 does not apply to a meeting convened in accordance with the Corporations Act by a single Director, by Members, by the Directors on the request of Members or to a meeting convened by a court.

8.6 Notice of cancellation or postponement of a meeting

Notice of cancellation or postponement or change of place of a general meeting must state the reason for cancellation or postponement and be:

- (a) published in a daily newspaper circulating in Australia;
- (b) given to ASX; or
- (c) subject to the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules, given in any other manner determined by the Directors.

8.7 Contents of notice of postponement of meeting

A notice of postponement of a general meeting must specify:

- (a) the postponed date and time for the holding of the meeting;
- (b) a place for the holding of the meeting which may be either the same as or different from the place specified in the notice convening the meeting; and
- (c) if the meeting is to be held in two or more places, the technology that will be used to facilitate the holding of the meeting in that manner.

8.8 Number of clear days for postponement of meeting

The number of clear days from the giving of a notice postponing the holding of a general meeting to the date specified in that notice for the holding of the postponed meeting must not be less than the number of clear days notice of the general meeting required to be given by this Constitution or the Corporations Act.

8.9 Business at postponed meeting

The only business that may be transacted at a general meeting the holding of which is postponed is the business specified in the original notice convening the meeting.

8.10 Proxy, attorney or Representative at postponed meeting

Where by the terms of an instrument appointing a proxy or attorney or an appointment of a Representative:

- (a) the appointed person is authorised to attend and vote at a general meeting or general meetings to be held on or before a specified date; and
- (b) the date for holding the meeting is postponed to a date later than the date specified in the instrument of proxy, power of attorney or appointment of Representative,

then, by force of this article, that later date is substituted for and applies to the exclusion of the date specified in the instrument of proxy, power of attorney or appointment of Representative unless the Member appointing the proxy, attorney or Representative gives to the Company at its Registered Office notice in writing to the contrary not less than 48 hours before the time to which the holding of the meeting has been postponed.

8.11 Non-receipt of notice

The non-receipt of notice of a general meeting or cancellation or postponement of a general meeting by, or the accidental omission to give notice of a general meeting or cancellation or postponement of a general meeting to, a person entitled to receive notice does not invalidate any resolution passed at the general meeting or at a postponed meeting or the cancellation or postponement of a meeting.

8.12 Director entitled to notice of meeting

A Director is entitled to receive notice of and to attend all general meetings and all separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company and is entitled to speak at those meetings.

9 Proceedings at general meetings

9.1 Membership at a specified time

The Directors may determine, for the purposes of a particular general meeting, that all the shares that are quoted on ASX at a specified time before the meeting are taken to be held at the time of the meeting by the persons who hold them at the specified time. The determination must be made and published in accordance with the Corporations Act.

9.2 Number for a quorum

Subject to article 9.5, two Members present in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative are a quorum at a general meeting. In determining whether a quorum is present, each individual attending as a proxy, attorney or Representative is to be counted, except that:

- (a) where a Member has appointed more than one proxy, attorney or Representative, only one is to be counted; and
- (b) where an individual is attending both as a Member and as a proxy, attorney or Representative, that individual is to be counted only once.

9.3 Requirement for a quorum

An item of business may not be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to consider it. If a quorum is present at the time the first item of business is transacted, it is taken to be present when the meeting proceeds to consider each subsequent item of business unless the chairman of the meeting (on the chairman's own motion or at the request of a Member, proxy, attorney or Representative who is present) declares otherwise.

9.4 If quorum not present

If within 15 minutes after the time appointed for a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:

- (a) if convened by a Director, or at the request of Members, is dissolved; and
- (b) in any other case, stands adjourned to the same day in the next week and the same time and place, or to such other day, time and place as the Directors appoint by notice to the Members and others entitled to notice of the meeting.

9.5 Adjourned meeting

At a meeting adjourned under article 9.4(b), two persons each being a Member, proxy, attorney or Representative present at the meeting are a quorum and, if a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the adjourned meeting, the meeting is dissolved.

9.6 Appointment of chairman of general meeting

If the Directors have elected one of their number as chairman of their meetings, that person is entitled to preside as chairman at a general meeting.

9.7 Absence of chairman at general meeting

If a general meeting is held and:

- (a) a chairman has not been elected by the Directors; or
- (b) the elected chairman is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unable or unwilling to act,

the following may preside as chairman of the meeting (in order of precedence):

- (c) any deputy chairman;
- (d) a Director chosen by a majority of the Directors present;
- (e) the only Director present; or
- (f) a Member chosen by a majority of the Members present in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative.

9.8 Conduct of general meetings

The chairman of a general meeting:

- (a) has charge of the general conduct of the meeting and the procedures to be adopted at the meeting;
- (b) may require the adoption of any procedure which is in the chairman's opinion necessary or desirable for proper and orderly debate or discussion and the proper and orderly casting or recording of votes at the general meeting; and
- (c) may, having regard where necessary to the Corporations Act, terminate discussion or debate on any matter whenever the chairman considers it necessary or desirable for the proper conduct of the meeting,

and a decision by the chairman under this article is final.

9.9 Adjournment of general meeting

The chairman of a general meeting may at any time during the meeting adjourn the meeting or any business, motion, question, resolution, debate or discussion being considered or remaining to be considered by the meeting either to a later time at the same meeting or to an adjourned meeting at any time and place, but:

- (a) in exercising the discretion to do so, the chairman may, but need not, seek the approval of the Members present in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative; and
- (b) only unfinished business is to be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.

Unless required by the chairman, a vote may not be taken or demanded by the Members present in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative in respect of any adjournment.

9.10 Notice of adjourned meeting

It is not necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for one month or more. In that case, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given as in the case of an original meeting.

9.11 Questions decided by majority

Subject to the requirements of the Corporations Act, a resolution is taken to be carried if a simple majority of the votes cast on the resolution are in favour of it.

9.12 Casting vote for chairman

If there is an equality of votes at a poll, but not on a show of hands, then the chairman of the meeting is entitled to a casting vote in addition to any votes to which the chairman is entitled as a Member or proxy or attorney or Representative.

9.13 Voting on show of hands

Subject to any rules prescribed by the Directors pursuant to article 9.22, at any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is effectively demanded and the demand is not withdrawn. A declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, is conclusive evidence of the fact. Neither the chairman nor the minutes need state, and it is not necessary to prove, the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

9.14 Poll

If a poll is effectively demanded:

- (a) it must be taken in the manner and at the date and time directed by the chairman and the result of the poll is a resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded;
- (b) on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment, it must be taken immediately;
- (c) the demand may be withdrawn; and
- (d) the demand does not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

9.15 Entitlement to vote

Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares and to this Constitution:

- (a) on a show of hands, each Member present in person and each other person present as a proxy, attorney or Representative of a Member has one vote; and
- (b) on a poll, each Member present in person has one vote for each fully paid share held by the Member and each person present as proxy, attorney or Representative of a Member has one vote for each fully paid share held by the Member that the person represents.

A Member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting in respect of shares which are the subject of a current Restriction Agreement for so long as any breach of that agreement subsists.

9.16 Voting on a poll for partly paid shares

Subject to article 9.19 and the terms on which shares are issued, if a Member holds partly paid shares, the number of votes the Member has in respect of those shares on a poll is determined as follows:

$$\frac{A \times B}{C} = D$$

where:

A is the number of those shares held by the Member;

B is the amount paid on each of those shares excluding any amount:

- (a) paid or credited as paid in advance of a call; and
- (b) credited as paid on those shares to the extent that it exceeds the value (ascertained at the time of issue of those shares) of the consideration received for the issue of those shares;

C is the issue price of each of those shares; and

D is the number of votes attached to those shares.

9.17 Fractions disregarded for a poll

On the application of article 9.16, any fraction which arises is to be disregarded.

9.18 Joint shareholders' vote

If a share is held jointly and more than one Member votes in respect of that share, only the vote of the Member whose name appears first in the Register counts.

9.19 Effect of unpaid call

A Member is not entitled at a general meeting to cast a vote attached to a share on which a call is due and payable and has not been paid.

9.20 Validity of vote in certain circumstances

Unless the Company has received written notice of the matter before the start or resumption of the meeting at which a person votes as a proxy, attorney or Representative, a vote cast by that person is valid even if, before the person votes:

- (a) the appointing Member dies;
- (b) the Member is mentally incapacitated;
- (c) the Member revokes the appointment or authority;
- (d) the Member revokes the authority under which the appointment was made by a third party; or
- (e) the Member transfers the share in respect of which the appointment or authority was given.

9.21 Objection to voting qualification

An objection to the right of a person to attend or vote at the meeting or adjourned meeting:

- (a) may not be raised except at that meeting or adjourned meeting; and
- (b) must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final.

A vote not disallowed under the objection is valid for all purposes.

9.22 Direct voting

The Directors may determine that at any general meeting or class meeting, a Member who is entitled to attend and vote at that meeting is entitled to a direct vote. A "direct vote" includes a vote delivered to the Company by post, fax or other electronic means approved by the Directors.

The Directors may prescribe rules to govern direct voting, including specification as to the form, method and timing of giving the direct vote in order for the vote to be valid.

10 The Directors

10.1 Number of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors is to be not less than three nor more than:

- (a) ten; or
- (b) any lesser number than ten determined by the Directors (but the number must not be less than the number of Directors in office at the time the determination takes effect).

The Directors in office at the time of adoption of this Constitution continue in office subject to this Constitution.

10.2 Change of number of Directors

The Company in general meeting may by resolution increase or reduce the minimum or maximum number of Directors.

10.3 Retirement and election of Directors

- (a) A Director must not hold office without re-election:
 - (i) past the third annual general meeting following the Director's appointment or last election; or
 - (ii) for more than three years,
 which ever is the longer.
- (b) There must be an election of Directors at each annual general meeting of the Company. This can be satisfied by one or more of the following so long as the maximum number of Directors under article 10.1 is not exceeded:
 - (i) a person standing for election as a new Director having nominated in accordance with article 10.6;
 - (ii) any Director who was appointed under article 10.7 standing for election as a Director;
 - (iii) any Director who is retiring at the end of the annual general meeting due to the tenure limitation in article 10.3(a), standing for re-election; or
 - (iv) if no person or Director is standing for election or re-election in accordance with paragraphs (i), (ii) or (iii), then the Director who has been a Director the longest without re-

election must retire and stand for re-election. If two or more Directors have been a Director the longest and an equal time without re-election, then in default of agreement, the Director to retire will be determined by ballot.

- (c) This article does not apply to one Managing Director who is exempt from retirement and re-election in accordance with article 11.10.

10.4 Office held until conclusion of meeting

A retiring Director holds office until the conclusion of the meeting at which that Director retires but is eligible for re-election.

10.5 Director elected at general meeting

The Company may, at a general meeting at which a Director retires or otherwise vacates office, by resolution fill the vacated office by electing a person to that office.

10.6 Eligibility for election as Director

Except for:

- (a) a person who is eligible for election or re-election under article 10.3, 10.7; or
- (b) a person recommended for election by the Directors,

a person is not eligible for election as a Director at a general meeting of the Company unless a consent to nomination signed by the person has been lodged at the Registered Office at least:

- (i) in the case of a meeting that members have requested the Directors to call, 30 business days before the general meeting; and
- (ii) in any other case, 35 business days before the general meeting,

but, in each case, no more than 90 business days before the meeting.

10.7 Casual vacancy or additional Director

The Directors may at any time appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors, provided the total number of Directors does not exceed the maximum number determined in accordance with article 10.1.

A Director appointed under this article holds office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company but is eligible for election at that meeting. This provision does not apply to one Managing Director nominated by the Directors under article 11.10.

10.8 Remuneration of Directors

The Directors are to be remunerated for their services as Directors as follows:

- (a) the amount of the remuneration of the Directors is a yearly sum not exceeding the sum from time to time determined by the Company in general meeting. The notice convening the meeting must include any proposal to increase the Directors' remuneration and specify both the amount of any increase and the new yearly sum proposed for determination;
- (b) the amount of the remuneration of the Directors is to be divided among them in the proportion and manner they agree or, in default of agreement, among them equally;
- (c) the remuneration is to be provided wholly in cash unless the Directors, with the agreement of the Director concerned, determine that part is to be satisfied in the form of non-cash benefits, including the issue or purchase of shares in the Company or the grant of options to subscribe for such shares. The sum determined by the Company in general meeting under article 10.8(a) does not include remuneration in the form of share, option or other equity plans approved separately by the Company in general meeting;
- (d) in making a determination under paragraph (c), the Directors may fix the value of any non-cash benefit; and
- (e) the Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day, except for any non-cash benefit which is taken to accrue at the time the benefit is provided, subject to the terms on which the benefit is provided.

This article does not apply to the remuneration of the Managing Director or any other Director appointed under article 11.8.

10.9 Superannuation contributions

If required by law, the Company may make contributions to a fund for the purpose of making provision for or obtaining superannuation benefits for a Director. A contribution made by the Company under this article is not remuneration to which article 10.8 applies only if the contribution is excluded from the amount to be approved by shareholders under the Listing Rules.

10.10 Additional or special duties

If a Director at the request of the Directors performs additional or special duties for the Company, the Company may remunerate that Director as determined by the Directors and that remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for that Director's remuneration under article 10.8.

10.11 Retirement benefit

Subject to the Listing Rules and Corporations Act, the Company may pay a former Director, or the personal representative of a Director who dies in office, a retirement benefit in recognition of past services of an amount determined by the Directors. The Company may also enter into a contract

with a Director providing for payment of a retirement benefit. A retirement benefit paid under this article is not remuneration to which article 10.8 applies.

10.12 Expenses

A Director is entitled to be reimbursed out of the funds of the Company such reasonable travelling, accommodation and other expenses as the Director may incur when travelling to or from meetings of the Directors or a Committee or when otherwise engaged on the business of the Company.

10.13 Director's interests

Subject to complying with the Corporations Act regarding disclosure of and voting on matters involving material personal interests, a Director may:

- (a) hold any office or place of profit in the Company, except that of auditor;
- (b) hold any office or place of profit in any other company, body corporate, trust or entity promoted by the Company or in which it has an interest of any kind;
- (c) enter into any contract or arrangement with the Company;
- (d) participate in any association, institution, fund, trust or scheme for past or present employees of the Company or Directors or persons dependent on or connected with them;
- (e) act in a professional capacity (or be a member of a firm which acts in a professional capacity) for the Company, except as auditor;
- (f) participate in, vote on and be counted in a quorum for any meeting, resolution or decision of the Directors and may be present at any meeting where any matter is being considered by the Directors;
- (g) sign or participate in the execution of a document by or on behalf of the Company;
- (h) do any of the above despite the fiduciary relationship of the Director's office:
 - (i) without any liability to account to the Company for any direct or indirect benefit accruing to the Director; and
 - (ii) without affecting the validity of any contract or arrangement; and
- (i) exercise the voting power conferred by securities in any entity held by the Company, as they determine including in circumstances where a Director may be interested in the exercise, such as a resolution appointing a Director as an officer of the entity or providing for the payment of remuneration to officers of the entity.

A reference to the Company in this article 10.13 is also a reference to each related body corporate of the Company.

10.14 Vacation of office of Director

In addition to the circumstances in which the office of a Director becomes vacant under the Corporations Act, the office of a Director becomes vacant if the Director:

- (a) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health;
- (b) resigns from the office by notice in writing to the Company;
- (c) is not present personally or by proxy or Alternate Director at meetings of the Directors for a continuous period of six months without leave of absence from the Directors; or
- (d) is removed from office by resolution under section 203D of the Corporations Act, but without depriving the Director of any compensation or damages payable to the Director in respect of the termination of the Director's appointment as a Director or of an appointment terminating with that appointment.

11 Powers and duties of Directors

11.1 Directors to manage Company

The business of the Company is to be managed by the Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the Corporations Act or by this Constitution, required to be exercised by the Company in general meeting.

11.2 Specific powers of Directors

Without limiting the generality of article 11.1, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money, to charge any property or business of the Company or all or any of its uncalled capital and to issue debentures or give any other security for a debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any other person.

11.3 Appointment of attorney

The Directors may, by power of attorney, appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for the purposes and with the powers, authorities and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Directors for such period and subject to such conditions as they think fit.

11.4 Provisions in power of attorney

A power of attorney granted under article 11.3 may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with the attorney as the Directors think fit and may also authorise the attorney to delegate (including

by way of appointment of a substitute attorney) all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the attorney.

11.5 Signing of cheques

The Directors may determine the manner in which and persons by whom cheques, promissory notes, bankers' drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and receipts for money paid to the Company, may be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed.

11.6 Committees

The Directors may delegate any of their powers, other than powers required by law to be dealt with by Directors as a board, to a Committee or Committees consisting of one or more of their number as they think fit.

11.7 Powers delegated to Committees

A Committee to which any powers have been delegated under article 11.6 must exercise those powers in accordance with any directions of the Directors.

11.8 Appointment of Managing and Executive Directors

The Directors may appoint an employee of the Company or one of its subsidiaries to the office of managing director or executive director of the Company, to hold office as Director for the period determined at the time of appointment, but not to exceed the term of employment of the employee.

The Directors may, subject to the terms of any employment contract between the relevant Director and the Company or subsidiary, at any time remove or dismiss any Managing Director or Executive Director from employment with that company, in which event the appointment as a Director will automatically cease.

11.9 Ceasing to be a Managing or Executive Director

Subject to article 11.10, a Managing Director or Executive Director appointed under article 11.8 is subject to re-election as director in accordance with article 10.3. If re-elected, their term as Director ends when their employment contract with the Company or its subsidiary ceases.

11.10 One Managing Director exempt

One Managing Director, nominated by the Directors, is, while holding that office, exempt from retirement by rotation under article 10.3.

11.11 Remuneration of Managing and Executive Directors

The remuneration of a Managing Director or an Executive Director may be fixed by the Directors and may be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by all or any of those modes, but may not be by a commission on or percentage of operating revenue.

11.12 Powers of Managing and Executive Directors

The Directors may:

- (a) confer on a Managing Director or an Executive Director such of the powers exercisable by them, on such terms and conditions and with such restrictions, as they think fit; and
- (b) withdraw or vary any of the powers conferred on a Managing Director or an Executive Director.

11.13 Delegation of Directors' powers

The Directors may delegate any of their powers to any persons they select for any period, to be exercised for any objects and purposes on any terms and subject to any conditions and restrictions as they think fit, and may revoke, withdraw, alter or vary the delegation of any of those powers.

The powers of delegation expressly or impliedly conferred by this Constitution on the Directors are conferred in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the power conferred by section 198D of the Corporations Act.

12 Proceedings of Directors

12.1 Directors' meetings

The Directors may meet together for the dispatch of business and adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.

12.2 Director may convene a meeting

A Director may at any time, and the Secretary must on the written request of a Director, convene a meeting of the Directors.

12.3 Questions decided by majority

A question arising at a meeting of Directors is to be decided by a majority of votes of Directors present and entitled to vote and that decision is for all purposes a decision of the Directors.

12.4 Alternate Director or proxy and voting

A person who is present at a meeting of Directors as an Alternate Director or as a proxy for another Director has one vote for each absent Director who would be entitled to vote if present at the meeting and for whom that person is an Alternate Director or proxy and, if that person is also a Director, has one vote as a Director in that capacity.

12.5 Chairman of Directors

The Directors may elect one of their number as chairman of their meetings and may also determine the period for which the person elected as chairman is to hold office.

12.6 Absence of chairman at Directors' meeting

If a Directors' meeting is held and:

- (a) a chairman has not been elected under article 12.5; or
- (b) the chairman is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unable or unwilling to act,

the Directors present must elect one of their number to be a chairman of the meeting.

12.7 Chairman's casting vote at Directors' meetings

If there are an equal number of votes for and against a question, the chairman of the Director's meeting has a casting vote, unless only two Directors are present and entitled to vote on the question.

12.8 Appointment of Alternate Director

Subject to the Corporations Act, a Director may appoint a person approved by a majority of the other Directors to be an Alternate Director in the Director's place during such period as the Director thinks fit.

12.9 Alternate Director and meetings

An Alternate Director is entitled to notice of all meetings of the Directors and, if the appointor does not participate in a meeting, the Alternate Director is entitled to participate and vote in the appointor's place.

12.10 Alternate Director's powers

An Alternate Director may exercise all the powers of the appointor except the power to appoint an Alternate Director and, subject to the Corporations Act, may perform all the duties of the appointor except to the extent that the appointor has exercised or performed them.

12.11 Alternate Director responsible for own acts and defaults

While acting as a Director, an Alternate Director:

- (a) is an officer of the Company and not the agent of the appointor; and
- (b) is responsible to the exclusion of the appointor for the Alternate Director's own acts and defaults.

12.12 Alternate Director and remuneration

An Alternate Director is not entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration or benefit under article 10.9 or 10.11.

12.13 Termination of appointment of Alternate Director

The appointment of an Alternate Director may be terminated at any time by the appointor even if the period of the appointment of the Alternate Director

has not expired, and terminates in any event if the appointor ceases to be a Director for any reason.

12.14 Appointment or termination in writing

An appointment, or the termination of an appointment, of an Alternate Director must be effected by a notice in writing signed by the Director who makes or made the appointment and delivered to the Company.

12.15 Alternate Director and number of Directors

An Alternate Director is not to be taken into account separately from the appointor in determining the number of Directors.

12.16 Director attending and voting by proxy

A Director may participate in and vote by proxy at a meeting of the Directors if the proxy:

- (a) is another Director; and
- (b) has been appointed in writing signed by the appointor.

The appointment may be general or for one or more particular meetings. A Director present as a proxy for another Director, who would be entitled to vote if present at the meeting, has one vote for the appointor and one vote in his or her own capacity as a Director.

12.17 Quorum for Directors' meeting

At a meeting of Directors, the number of Directors whose presence in person or by proxy is necessary to constitute a quorum is as determined by the Directors and, unless so determined, is two.

12.18 Continuing Directors may act

The continuing Directors may act despite a vacancy in their number. If their number is reduced below the minimum fixed by article 10.1, the continuing Directors may, except in an emergency, act only for the purpose of filling vacancies to the extent necessary to bring their number up to that minimum or to convene a general meeting.

12.19 Chairman of Committee

The members of a Committee may elect one of their number as chairman of their meetings. If a meeting of a Committee is held and:

- (a) a chairman has not been elected; or
- (b) the chairman is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unable or unwilling to act,

the members involved may elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

12.20 Meetings of Committee

A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

12.21 Determination of questions

Questions arising at a meeting of a Committee are to be determined by a majority of votes of the members of the Committee present and voting.

If there are an equal number of votes for and against a question, the chairman of the meeting has a casting vote, unless only two members of the Committee are present and entitled to vote on the question.

12.22 Circulating resolutions

The Directors may pass a resolution without a Directors' meeting being held if all of the Directors entitled to vote on the resolution sign a document containing a statement that they are in favour of the resolution set out in the document. Separate copies of a document may be used for signing by the Directors if the wording of the resolution and statement is identical in each copy. The resolution is passed when the last Director signs.

12.23 Validity of acts of Directors

All acts done at a meeting of the Directors or of a Committee, or by a person acting as a Director are, even if it is afterwards discovered that:

- (a) there was a defect in the appointment or continuance in office of a person as a Director or of the person so acting; or
- (b) a person acting as a Director was disqualified or was not entitled to vote,

as valid as if the relevant person had been duly appointed or had duly continued in office and was qualified and entitled to vote.

13 Secretary**13.1 Appointment of Secretary**

The Company must have at least one Secretary who is to be appointed by the Directors.

13.2 Suspension and removal of Secretary

The Directors may suspend or remove a Secretary from that office.

13.3 Powers, duties and authorities of Secretary

A Secretary holds office on the terms and conditions (including as to remuneration) and with the powers, duties and authorities, as determined by the Directors. The exercise of those powers and authorities and the performance of those duties by a Secretary is subject at all times to the control of the Directors.

14 Seals

14.1 Safe custody of common seals

The Directors must provide for the safe custody of any seal of the Company.

14.2 Use of common seal

If the Company has a common seal or duplicate common seal:

- (a) it may be used only by the authority of the Directors, or of a Committee authorised by the Directors to authorise its use; and
- (b) every document to which it is affixed must be signed by a Director and be countersigned by another Director, a Secretary or another person appointed by the Directors to countersign that document or a class of documents in which that document is included.

15 Inspection of records

15.1 Inspection by Members

Subject to the Corporations Act, the Directors may determine whether and to what extent, and at what time and places and under what conditions, the accounting records and other documents of the Company or any of them will be open to the inspection of Members (other than Directors).

15.2 Right of a Member to inspect

A Member (other than a Director) does not have the right to inspect any document of the Company except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

16 Dividends and reserves

16.1 Payment of dividend

Subject to the Corporations Act, this Constitution and the rights of any person entitled to shares with special rights to dividend, the Directors may determine that a dividend is payable, fix the amount and the time for payment and authorise the payment or crediting by the Company to, or at the direction of, each Member entitled to that dividend.

16.2 No interest on dividends

Interest is not payable by the Company on a dividend.

16.3 Reserves and profits carried forward

The Directors may:

- (a) before paying any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve, to be applied,

at the discretion of the Directors, for any purpose for which the profits of the Company may be properly applied; and

- (b) carry forward so much of the profits remaining as they consider ought not to be distributed as dividends without transferring those profits to a reserve.

Pending application, any sum set aside as a reserve may, at the discretion of the Directors, be used in the business of the Company or be invested as the Directors think fit.

16.4 Calculation and apportionment of dividends

Subject to the rights of any persons entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend and to the terms of issue of any shares to the contrary, the profits of the Company are divisible among the Members so that, on each occasion on which a dividend is paid:

- (a) the same sum is paid on each share on which all amounts payable have been paid; and
- (b) the sum paid on a share on which all amounts payable have not been paid is the proportion of the sum referred to in paragraph (a) that the amount paid on the shares bears to the total of the amounts paid and payable on the share.

To determine the amount paid on a share, exclude any amount:

- (c) paid or credited as paid in advance of a call; and
- (d) credited as paid on a share to the extent that it exceeds the value (ascertained at the time of issue of the share) of the consideration received for the issue of the share.

All dividends are to be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it will rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share ranks for dividend accordingly.

16.5 Deductions from dividends

The Directors may deduct from any dividend payable to, or at the direction of, a Member any sums presently payable by that Member to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares in the Company.

16.6 Distribution of specific assets

When resolving to pay a dividend, the Directors may:

- (a) resolve that the dividend be satisfied either wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets to some or all of the persons entitled to the dividend, including fully paid shares in or debentures of the Company or fully paid shares in or debentures of any other body corporate; and

- (b) direct that the dividend payable in respect of any particular shares be satisfied wholly or partly by such a distribution and that the dividend payable in respect of other shares be paid in cash.

16.7 Resolution of distribution difficulties

If a difficulty arises in regard to a distribution under article 16.6, the Directors may:

- (a) settle the matter as they consider expedient;
- (b) fix the value for distribution of the specific assets or any part of those assets;
- (c) determine that cash payments will be made to, or at the direction of, any Members on the basis of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties; and
- (d) vest any such specific assets in trustees as the Directors consider expedient.

If a distribution of specific assets to, or at the direction of, a particular Member or Members is illegal or, in the Directors' opinion, impracticable the Directors may make a cash payment to the Member or Members on the basis of the cash amount of the dividend instead of the distribution of specific assets.

16.8 Payments in respect of shares

A dividend, interest or other money payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid using any payment method chosen by the Company, including:

- (a) by cheque sent through the post directed to the address in the Register of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the address of the joint holder first named in the Register;
- (b) by cheque sent through the post directed to such other address as the holder or joint holder in writing directs; or
- (c) by some other method of direct credit determined by the Directors to the holder or holders shown on the Register or to such person or place directed by them.

16.9 Effectual receipt from one joint holder

Any one of two or more joint holders may give an effectual receipt for any dividend, interest or other money payable in respect of the shares held by them as joint holders.

16.10 Election to reinvest dividend

Subject to the Listing Rules, the Directors may grant to Members or any class of Members the right to elect to reinvest cash dividends paid by the Company by subscribing for shares or other securities in the Company or a Related Body Corporate on such terms and conditions as the Directors think fit.

16.11 Election to accept shares instead of dividends

Subject to the Listing Rules, the Directors may determine in respect of any dividend which it is proposed to pay on any shares of the Company that holders of the shares may elect:

- (a) to forego the right to share in the proposed dividend or part of such proposed dividend; and
- (b) to receive instead some other form of distribution or entitlement (including securities) from the Company or another body corporate or a trust on such terms as the Directors think fit.

16.12 Unclaimed dividends

Unclaimed dividends may be invested by the Directors as they think fit for the benefit of the Company until claimed or until required to be dealt with in accordance with any law relating to unclaimed moneys.

17 Capitalisation of profits

17.1 Capitalisation of reserves and profits

The Directors:

- (a) may resolve to capitalise any sum, being the whole or a part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any reserve account or the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution to Members; and
- (b) may, but need not, resolve to apply the sum in any of the ways mentioned in article 17.2, for the benefit of Members in the proportions to which those Members would have been entitled in a distribution of that sum by way of dividend.

17.2 Applying a sum for the benefit of Members

The ways in which a sum may be applied for the benefit of Members under article 17.1 are:

- (a) in paying up any amounts unpaid on shares held by Members;
- (b) in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures to be issued to Members as fully paid; or
- (c) partly as mentioned in paragraph (a) and partly as mentioned in paragraph (b).

17.3 Implementing the resolution

The Directors may do all things necessary to give effect to the resolution under article 17.1 and, in particular, to the extent necessary to adjust the rights of the Members among themselves, may:

- (a) make cash payments in cases where shares or debentures become issuable in fractions;
- (b) authorise any person to make, on behalf of all or any of the Members entitled to any further shares or debentures on the capitalisation, an agreement with the Company providing for:
 - (i) the issue to them, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures; or
 - (ii) the payment by the Company on their behalf of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares by the application of their respective proportions of the sum resolved to be capitalised,

and any agreement so made is effective and binding on all the Members concerned;
- (c) fix the value of specified assets; or
- (d) vest property in trustees.

18 Service of documents

18.1 Document includes notice

In article 18, a reference to a document includes a notice and a notification by electronic means.

18.2 Methods of service

The Company may give a document to a Member:

- (a) personally;
- (b) by delivering it or sending it by post to the address for the Member in the Register or an alternative address nominated by the Member; or
- (c) by sending it to a fax number or electronic address or by other electronic means nominated by the Member.

18.3 Post

A document sent by post:

- (a) if sent to an address in Australia, may be sent by ordinary post; and
- (b) if sent to an address outside Australia, must be sent by airmail,

and, in either case, is taken to have been given and received on the day after the day of its posting.

18.4 Fax or other electronic means

A document sent or given by fax or other electronic means:

- (a) is taken to be effected by properly addressing and transmitting the fax or other electronic transmission; and
- (b) is taken to have been given and received on the day after the date of its transmission.

18.5 Evidence of service

A certificate in writing signed by a Director or a Secretary stating that a document was sent, delivered or given to a Member personally, by post, fax or other electronic means on a particular date is prima facie evidence that the document was sent, delivered or given on that date and by that means.

18.6 Joint holders

A document may be given by the Company to the joint holders of a share by giving it to the joint holder first named in the Register in respect of the share.

18.7 Persons entitled to shares

A person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever becomes entitled to any share is absolutely bound by every document given in accordance with this article 18 to the person from whom that person derives title prior to registration of that person's title in the Register.

19 Winding up

19.1 Distribution of assets

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, divide among the Members in kind the whole or any part of the property of the Company and may for that purpose set such value as the liquidator considers fair on any property to be so divided and may determine how the division is to be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members.

19.2 Powers of liquidator to vest property

The liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company, vest the whole or any part of any such property in trustees on such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator thinks fit, but so that no Member is compelled to accept any shares or other securities in respect of which there is any liability.

19.3 Shares issued on special terms

Articles 19.1 and 19.2 do not prejudice or affect the rights of a Member holding shares issued on special terms and conditions.

20 Indemnity and insurance

20.1 Indemnity

To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Company may indemnify any current or former Director or Secretary of the Company or a subsidiary of the Company out of the property of the Company against:

- (a) any liability incurred by the person in that capacity (except a liability for legal costs);
- (b) legal costs incurred in defending or resisting (or otherwise in connection with) proceedings, whether civil or criminal or of an administrative or investigatory nature, in which the person becomes involved because of that capacity; and
- (c) legal costs incurred in good faith in obtaining legal advice on issues relevant to the performance of their functions and discharge of their duties as an officer of the Company or a subsidiary, if that expenditure has been approved in accordance with the Company's policy,

except to the extent that:

- (d) the Company is forbidden by law to indemnify the person against the liability or legal costs; or
- (e) an indemnity by the Company of the person against the liability or legal costs, if given, would be made void by law.

20.2 Insurance

The Company may pay or agree to pay, whether directly or through an interposed entity, a premium for a contract insuring a person who is or has been a Director or Secretary of the Company or of a subsidiary of the Company against liability incurred by the person in that capacity, including a liability for legal costs, unless:

- (a) the Company is forbidden by law to pay or agree to pay the premium; or
- (b) the contract would, if the Company paid the premium, be made void by law.

20.3 Contract

The Company may enter into an agreement with a person referred to in articles 20.1 and 20.2 with respect to the matters covered by those articles. An agreement entered into pursuant to this article may include provisions relating to rights of access to the books of the Company conferred by the Corporations Act or otherwise by law.

21 Restricted Securities

21.1 Disposal during Escrow Period

Restricted Securities cannot be disposed of during the Escrow Period except as permitted by the Listing Rules or ASX.

The Company must not acknowledge a disposal (including by registering a transfer) of Restricted Securities during the Escrow Period except as permitted by the Listing Rules or ASX.

21.2 Breach of Restriction Agreement or Listing Rules

During a breach of the Listing Rules relating to Restricted Securities, or a breach of a Restriction Agreement, the holder of the Restricted Securities is not entitled to any dividend or distribution, or voting rights, in respect of the Restricted Securities.

22 Small Holdings

22.1 Definitions

In this article 22:

Divestment Notice means a notice given under article 22.2 to a Small Holder or a New Small Holder;

Market Value in relation to a Share means the closing price on SEATS of the Share;

New Small Holder is a Member who is the holder or a joint holder of a New Small Holding;

New Small Holding means a holding of Shares created after the date on which article 22 came into effect by the transfer of a parcel of Shares the aggregate Market Value of which at the time a proper transfer was initiated or a paper based transfer was lodged, was less than a marketable parcel of Shares as provided under the Listing Rules;

Relevant Period means the period specified in a Divestment Notice under article 22.3;

Relevant Shares are the Shares specified in a Divestment Notice;

Shares for the purposes of article 22 are shares in the Company all of the same class;

Small Holder is a Member who is the holder or a joint holder of a Small Holding; and

Small Holding means a holding of Shares the aggregate Market Value of which at the relevant date is less than a marketable parcel of Shares as provided under the Listing Rules.

22.2 Divestment Notice

If the Directors determine that a Member is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder the Company may give the Member a Divestment Notice to notify the Member:

- (a) that the Member is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder, the number of Shares making up and the Market Value of the Small Holding or New Small Holding and the date on which the Market Value was determined;
- (b) that the Company intends to sell the Relevant Shares in accordance with this article after the end of the Relevant Period specified in the Divestment Notice;
- (c) if the Member is a Small Holder, that the Member may at any time before the end of the Relevant Period notify the Company in writing that the Member desires to retain the Relevant Shares and that if the Member does so the Company will not be entitled to sell the Relevant Shares under that Divestment Notice; and
- (d) after the end of the Relevant Period the Company may for the purpose of selling the Relevant Shares that are in a CS Facility holding initiate a holding adjustment to move those Shares from that CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or certificated holding.

If the Operating Rules of a CS Facility apply to the Relevant Shares, the Divestment Notice must comply with those Operating Rules.

22.3 Relevant Period

For a Divestment Notice given to a Small Holder, the Relevant Period must be at least six weeks from the date the Divestment Notice was given. For a Divestment Notice given to a New Small Holder, the Relevant Period must be at least seven days from the date the Divestment Notice was given.

22.4 Company can sell Relevant Shares

At the end of the Relevant Period the Company is entitled to sell on-market or in any other way determined by the Directors:

- (a) the Relevant Shares of a Member who is a Small Holder, unless that Member has notified the Company in writing before the end of the Relevant Period that the Member desires to retain the Relevant Shares, in which event the Company must not sell those Relevant Shares under that Divestment Notice; and
- (b) the Relevant Shares of a Member who is a New Small Holder.

22.5 No obligation to sell

The Company is not bound to sell any Relevant Shares which it is entitled to sell under this article 22 but unless the Relevant Shares are sold within six weeks after the end of the Relevant Period the Company's right to sell the Relevant Shares under the Divestment Notice relating to those Shares lapses

and it must notify the Member to whom the Divestment Notice was given accordingly.

22.6 Company as Member's attorney

To effect the sale and transfer by the Company of Relevant Shares of a Member, the Member appoints the Company and each Director and Secretary jointly and severally as the Member's attorney in the Member's name and on the Member's behalf to do all acts and things which the Company considers necessary or appropriate to effect the sale or transfer of the Relevant Shares and, in particular:

- (a) to initiate a holding adjustment to move the Relevant Shares from a CS Facility holding to an Issuer Sponsored Holding or a certificated holding; and
- (b) to execute on behalf of the Member all deeds instruments or other documents necessary to transfer the Relevant Shares and to deliver any such deeds, instruments or other documents to the purchaser.

22.7 Conclusive evidence

A statement in writing by or on behalf of the Company under this article 22 is (in the absence of manifest error) binding on and conclusive against a Member. In particular, a statement that the Relevant Shares specified in the statement have been sold in accordance with this article is conclusive against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Relevant Shares and discharges the purchaser from all liability in respect of the Relevant Shares.

22.8 Registering the purchaser

The Company must register the purchaser of Relevant Shares as the holder of the Relevant Shares transferred to the purchaser under this article. The purchaser is not bound to see to the application of any money paid as consideration. The title of the purchaser to the Relevant Shares transferred to the purchaser is not affected by any irregularity or invalidity in connection with the actions of the Company under this article.

22.9 Payment of proceeds

Subject to article 22.10, where:

- (a) Relevant Shares of a Member are sold by the Company on behalf of the Member under this article; and
- (b) the certificate for the Relevant Shares (unless the Company is satisfied that the certificate has been lost or destroyed or the Relevant Shares are Uncertificated Securities) has been received by the Company,

the Company must, within 60 days of the completion of the sale, send the proceeds of sale to the Member entitled to those proceeds by sending a cheque payable to the Member through the post to the address of the Member shown in the Register, or in the case of joint holders, to the address shown in the Register as the address of the Member whose name first appears in the

Register. Payment of any money under this article is at the risk of the Member to whom it is sent.

22.10 Costs

In the case of a sale of the Relevant Shares of a New Small Holder in accordance with this article, the Company is entitled to deduct and retain from the proceeds of sale, the costs of the sale as determined by the Company. In any other case, the Company or a purchaser must bear the costs of sale of the Relevant Shares. The costs of sale include all stamp duty, brokerage and government taxes and charges (except for tax on income or capital gains of the Member) payable by the Company in connection with the sale and transfer of the Relevant Shares.

22.11 Remedy limited to damages

The remedy of a Member to whom this article applies, in respect of the sale of the Relevant Shares of that Member is expressly limited to a right of action in damages against the Company to the exclusion of any other right, remedy or relief against any other person.

22.12 Dividends and voting suspended

Unless the Directors determine otherwise, where a Divestment Notice is given to a New Small Holder in accordance with this article, then despite any other provision in this Constitution, the rights to receive payment of dividends and to vote attached to the Relevant Shares of that Member are suspended until the Relevant Shares are transferred to a new holder or that Member ceases to be a New Small Holder. Any dividends that would, but for this article, have been paid to that Member must be held by the Company and paid to that Member within 60 days after the earlier of:

- (a) the date the Relevant Shares of that Member are transferred; and
- (b) the date that the Relevant Shares of that Member cease to be subject to a Divestment Notice.

22.13 Twelve month limit

If it is a requirement of the Listing Rules, the Company must not give a Small Holder more than one Divestment Notice in any 12 month period (except as contemplated by article 22.14).

22.14 Effect of takeover bid

From the date of the announcement of a takeover bid for the Shares until the close of the offers made under the takeover bid, the Company's powers under this article to sell Relevant Shares of a Member cease. After the close of the offers under the takeover bid, the Company may give a Divestment Notice to a Member who is a Small Holder or a New Small Holder, despite article 22.13 and the fact that it may be less than 12 months since the Company gave a Divestment Notice to that Member.

21 August 2024

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT - PANORAMIC RESOURCES LIMITED (ADMINISTRATORS APPOINTED)
(RECEIVERS AND MANAGERS APPOINTED)

Announcement of Voluntary Delisting

The Voluntary Administrators* ("**Administrators**") of Panoramic Resources Limited (Administrators Appointed) (Receivers and Managers Appointed) (ASX: PAN) and its subsidiaries (together "**Panoramic**" or "**the Companies**") advise that Panoramic will be removed from Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) official list, due to non-payment of listing fees.

The Company's Administrators determined that given the Company's status, the costs and administrative burden of remaining listed on the ASX outweighed benefits associated with remaining listed, so opted not to pay listing fees to the ASX, which will result in the automatic delisting.

Panoramic will therefore be removed from the official list at the close of trading on Wednesday 28 August 2024.

Shares in Panoramic were suspended from quotation on 17 November 2023, and shareholders have been unable to trade or transfer shares since that time. Delisting does not change that restriction.

When the Company is delisted, the ASX Listing Rules will no longer apply.

Ongoing Communications

On 24 July 2024, the Administrators advised shareholders and creditors that they were in advanced negotiations with an interested party regarding a Deed of Company Arrangement ("**DOCA**") proposal.

Panoramic will continue to keep creditors and shareholders informed as to progress of the proposal negotiations via the online FTI Consulting Creditors Portal and via direct communications (if required under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)).

All documents relating to the ongoing external administration of the Panoramic, including an update on the DOCA negotiations are, and will continue to, be available from the FTI Consulting Creditors Portal at <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>.

Further information will be provided in relation to shareholdings at the second meeting of creditors, which will be reconvened as soon as possible, and no later than 2 October 2024.

The Administrators appreciate the ongoing support of all stakeholders during the external administration process.

FTI Consulting (Australia) Pty Limited

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Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Contact Details

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The release of this announcement has been approved by the Voluntary Administrators*.

*Daniel Woodhouse, Hayden White and Kate Warwick of FTI Consulting were appointed as Joint and Several Administrators of Panoramic Resources Limited ACN 095 792 288 (Administrators Appointed) (Receivers and Managers Appointed) pursuant to section 436A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) and the following subsidiaries on 14 December 2023:

- Savannah Nickel Mines Pty Ltd ACN 103 729 282 (Administrators Appointed)
- PAN Transport Pty Ltd ACN 627 691 598 (Administrators Appointed)

The Administrators were subsequently appointed as Joint and Several Administrators to Pindan Exploration Company Pty Ltd (Administrators Appointed), a wholly owned subsidiary of Panoramic, by a resolution of its Directors on 15 January 2024.



Market Announcement

29 August 2024

Removal from Official List

Description

Under Listing Rule 17.15, any entity that had not paid its annual listing fees in respect of the year ending 30 June 2025 by 5:00pm AEST on Wednesday 28 August 2024 was removed from the official list with effect from the close of trading on Wednesday 28 August 2024.

The following entities did not pay to ASX Limited their annual listing fees in respect of the year ending 30 June 2025 and consequently have been removed from the official list in accordance with Listing Rule 17.15.

• AusCann Group Holdings Limited	AC8
• Armour Energy Ltd	AJQ
• Asaplus Resources Limited	AJY
• Booktopia Group Limited	BKG
• CFOAM Limited	CFO
• Elmore Limited	ELE
• Halo Food Co. Limited	HLF
• LiveTiles Limited	LVT
• Mighty Craft Limited	MCL
• Nightingale Intelligent Systems, Inc.	NGL
• Panoramic Resources Limited	PAN
• Roots Sustainable Agricultural Technologies Ltd	ROO
• Revasum Inc.	RVS
• Tombola Gold Ltd	TBA

James Gerraty

Head of Listings Compliance (Melbourne)

DHW-12

Important notice to shareholders and creditors of Panoramic Resources Limited (Subject to Deed of Company Arrangement) (Receivers and Managers Appointed) (ACN 095 792 288) (Panoramic)

Application relating to the transfer of Panoramic Shares to Zeta (or its nominee) pursuant to Deed of Company Arrangement - Supreme Court of Western Australia proceeding COR/163/2024 (Application)

Zeta DOCA

- 1 On 14 December 2024, Daniel Woodhouse, Kathryn Warwick and Hayden White (together, the **Deed Administrators**) were appointed as joint and several voluntary administrators of Panoramic pursuant to section 436A of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**Act**).
- 2 Mr Woodhouse, Ms Warwick and Mr White were also appointed as joint and several administrators of Panoramic's related entities, Savannah Nickel Mines Pty Ltd (Subject to Deed of Company Arrangement) (ACN 103 729 282), PAN Transport Pty Ltd (Subject to Deed of Company Arrangement (ACN 627 691 598) and Pindan Exploration Company Pty Ltd (Subject to Deed of Company Arrangement) (ACN 129 252 197) (together, with Panoramic, the **Companies**).
- 3 Subsequently, at the resumed second meetings of the creditors of the Companies held on 2 October 2024, the creditors of each of the Companies voted in favour of a resolution for the Companies to execute a deed of company arrangement proposed by Zeta Resources Limited (ARBN 162 902 481) (**Zeta**) (**Zeta DOCA**).
- 4 On 23 October 2024, the Zeta DOCA was executed by the Deed Administrators, each of the Companies and Zeta. A copy of the Zeta DOCA is available for download at <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>.

Section 444GA application to the Court

- 5 It is a condition of the Zeta DOCA that the Deed Administrators obtain a Court order pursuant to section 444GA of the Act (**Section 444GA Order**). The Section 444GA Order will allow the Deed Administrators to transfer all fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Panoramic (**Shares**) to Zeta (or its nominee) for no consideration (**Share Transfer**).
- 6 On 25 October 2024, the Deed Administrators applied to the Supreme Court of Western Australia seeking (among other things) the Section 444GA Order providing for the Share Transfer. The Application also includes an application for an order pursuant to section 447A(1) of the Act dealing with the mechanics of the Share Transfer. A copy of the Application [(as amended)] is available for download at <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>.
- 7 [A directions hearing was held on 30 October 2024, at which the Supreme Court of Western Australia made procedural orders in relation to the Application. A copy of the orders made on 30 October 2024 is available for download at <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>.]
- 8 The Deed Administrators will also make available for download from <https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group> copies of the following documents (once they become available):

- (a) any other affidavits filed on behalf of the Deed Administrators and Panoramic in support of the Application;
 - (b) any other orders made by the Supreme Court of Western Australia; and
 - (c) the Explanatory Statement, as described in further detail in paragraph 14 below.
- 9 Shareholders and creditors of Panoramic are entitled to be heard in relation to the Application. If you wish to be heard by the Court, you must enter an appearance by [time TBC] (AWST) on [date TBC].
 - 10 The final hearing, at which the Court will determine whether to make the Section 444GA Order, is listed for [time TBC] (AWST) on [date TBC].
 - 11 If the Court makes the Section 444GA Order, then the Shares will be transferred to Zeta (or its nominee) for no consideration.
 - 12 The Application is made on the basis that the Shares are of no value.
 - 13 In order to determine the value of the Shares, the Deed Administrators have engaged an independent expert to prepare a report setting out the likely return to shareholders if the Court refuses to make the Section 444GA Order and Panoramic is placed into liquidation (**Expert Report**).

Next steps

- 14 The Deed Administrators will make available to shareholders and creditors the Expert Report and an explanatory statement describing the section 444GA process (**Explanatory Statement**).
- 15 It is expected that the Expert Report and Explanatory Statement will be made available for download from the following website on or around 4 December 2024:
<https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>
- 16 It is highly recommended that you regularly review this website for updates regarding the Application, as the Deed Administrators intend to upload additional relevant documents and updates to it (including any further orders made by the Court).

Your rights as a shareholder or creditor

- 17 If you have any concerns, objections or questions in relation to the section 444GA process, please contact the Deed Administrators as soon as possible by emailing [insert email address]. The Deed Administrators can provide your views to the Court, for the Judge's attention.
- 18 You can also instruct a barrister or lawyer to appear on your behalf at the hearing. If you propose to take either of these steps, please provide a copy of your correspondence, or notice of your intention to appear at the hearing to the Deed Administrators, by no later than [time TBC] (AWST) on [date TBC], by way of email to [insert email address].
- 19 If you do not enter an appearance by the deadline of [time TBC] (AWST) on [date TBC], the Court may determine that you are not entitled to be heard at any subsequent hearing.

DHW-13

Important notice to shareholders and creditors of Panoramic Resources Limited (Subject to Deed of Company Arrangement) (Receivers and Managers Appointed) (ACN 095 792 288) (Panoramic)

Application relating to the transfer of Panoramic shares pursuant to section 444GA – Supreme Court of Western Australia proceeding COR/163/2024 (Application)

The Deed Administrators of Panoramic have sought orders pursuant to section 444GA of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**Act**) for leave to transfer the shares in Panoramic (**Shares**) to Zeta Resources Limited (ARBN 162 902 481) (or its nominee) under the deed of company arrangement executed by (among others) Panoramic on 23 October 2024 for no consideration payable to shareholders, on the basis that the Shares are of no value.

If you wish to be heard in relation to the Application, you must enter an appearance (in the prescribed form) with the Supreme Court of Western Australia by no later than [TBC] (AWST) on [TBC] 2024.

The final hearing of the Application is presently listed for [TBC] (AWST) on [TBC] 2024.

More information

For further information (including to download copies of the Court documents filed in support of the Application), please visit the Deed Administrators' website:

<https://www.fticonsulting.com/creditors/panoramic-group>

It is recommended that shareholders and creditors continue to monitor this website for further updates regarding the Application.